made up of

TWENTY PAGES.

which will appear NEXT SUNDAY.

Many new features will be introduced, and all the news of the world presented in attractive form. Everybody is reading THE DISPATCH. FORTY-FOURTH YEAR.

All of the Romance is Being

Speedily Knocked Out of

Life in Oklahoma.

NOTHING TO EAT OR DRINK

Tired Crowds Are Leaving on Every Train, but Many Others Are

COMING IN TO FILL THEIR PLACES.

Guthrie Still Continues to Be the Center of Business Activity - Arrangements Are Being Made to Organize a Municipal Government-The Railroads Are Utterly Unable to Deliver Freight-Considerable Suffering is the Result-The Military Will Protect the Cherokee Strip From Invasion - Practical Prohibition Has

A number of the eager boomers who entered Oklahoma are now just as eager in getting out of it. Fresh recruits are constantly coming in however. Provisions be exceedingly limited. Guthrie is the thief center of life and activity. The hopes of those who intended to settle in the Cherokee strip will be rudely blasted. The military forces have been instructed to prewent any move in this direction. Secretary Noble states that he will investigate the charges made against the Deputy Marshals and other Government employes.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) GUTHRIE, April 25 .- The crush on the Santa Fe line is almost without parallel. It is impossible to run trains, either freight or passenger, on schedule time. Every side track between Purcell and Wichita is crowded with loaded cars, and the company's warehouses are full to overflowing. The depot here in Guthrie is the busiest Every train passing through here to the North is loaded with people going out of Oklahoma territory in a huge state of dismith trunks and all sorts of baggage, and it is worth a man's life to loiter around it

when trains arrive. The crowd at the Land Office is growing larger every day, and the Receiver and Commissioner have all the business they can attend to. So far they have had few disputes over claims to settle. A meeting of the lot bolders was held in Government Acre this morning. It was largely attended, and it was resolved to have a survey of the town site as early as possible for the purpose of laying streets.

be Cleveland avenue, which will run past the land office, and the street leading to the depot will be called Harrison avenue. At former meetings lot holders were afraid to leave their claims even for a minute, and at 6 o'clock this evening. the business was largely controlled by an papers found on his person it was slament which has since left the Territory. element which has since left the Territory. It is thought that the survey will cause

some trouble, because it cannot help interfering with the plans of several hundred people who have staked their claims in the most irregular fashion. Tents were thrown up hap-hazard without regard for alignment or anything else, and no effort has been made to improve them.

The city now extends fully five miles back into the Territory, where eager lot seekers run in search of claims, when they found the choice locations taken up. Today Guthrie is the business center of the Territory. Every freight train is bringing lumber and hundreds of carpenters are preparing to build houses for merchants who have come to settle permanently.

Gamblers Reaping a Harvest. Gamblers are cutting a wide swath in the town. They have an open field and they are reaping a rich harvest with all sorts of "sweating" games. The new chief of police is Bill Ford, an Iowa man, who has a record for nerve and a straightforward manner. Ford said to-day that he would appoint 20 officers to patrel the lines between the rows of tents, and that he would give positive instructions to arrest and disarm every man caught carrying a revolver

promiscuously. The cause that has contributed much to the maintenance of good order is the absence of whisky. Not a drop of it has been put on sale, and so far as can be determined but little of it has been brought into the territory. Thus far not a drunken man has been seen. Captain McArthur, who is in Some Rumors of Murder That Have Not command at this point, is keeping a sharp lookout for the stuff, and if he finds any will destroy it.

The Cheeky Deputy Marshals. The marshals forces are demoralized. Two-thirds of the deputies who were brought | had a desperate fight with rival claimants, here to preserve order have done little be- and were reported shot. A deputy was sent sides squat on town lots which they staked off before the crowds began to arrive Monday. Feeling runs high among the settlers on account of the behavior of the deputy

Provisions continue scarce. One ma vesterday sold 30 barrels of bread, 5 cent onves selling at 15 cents, or two for a quarter. The supply ran out, and while prople were willing to pay the exorbitant price, it could not be had at all. Crackers

found a ready sale at \$1 50 per pound. A grocer announced that he had given A grocer announced that he had given \$50 for the privilege of breaking open the settlers, and some are said to favor an allotter which contained his stock. He soon ment in severalty of their entire reservation. made it up. The water question continues a serious one. Before the end of the week

wells will be sunk. Despite the fact that every train takes out large numbers of dissatisfied settlers, every train brings in as many more, so there is little change in actual number here. The two banks are doing a good business, and at to-day: the postoffice things are running more

Organizing a Manicipal Government.

Congressman Weaver, of Iowa, was here to-day and addressed a large crowd, advis-

different States and Territories, held a meeting and appointed a corps of official survey-

ors, who are to survey and plot the town.

The laws of Kansas and the municipal regulations of Wichita were selected to pre-vail until a charter can be obtained. Judge E. M. Clarke was appointed Provisional Police Justice. The citizens of West Guthrie held an election yesterday. James Dooley, of Iowa, was elected Mayor, and a full ticket, including Councilmen, was

At a few minutes past 8 o'clock this morning, by actual count, there were 425 men in line at the land office, and at 9:15 A. M. there were 223 men in line at the postoffice, 500 having already been waited on.

FLEEING IN HASTE.

The Disgusted Boomers Not Allowed to Halt in the Cherokee Strip-The Indians Are in a Belligerent Mood-Suicide of One of the Settlers.

ARKANSAS CITY, April 25 .- The refu gees who left Oklahoma and who have taken up quarters in the Cherokee outlet are to be driven from their present stopping places. Orders to that effect have been issued by General Merritt, and Captain Havs expects to carry them out in a day or two. There are fully 200 families camped in wagons and tents along the line which divides the outlet from the Territory of Been the Rule in the Territory Thus Far. Oklahoma, and stretched along for several miles this side of it.

Nearly all of them are in a condition of poverty, and but few have the means and less the disposition to move on. Nearly all of them have expressed a determination to remain in the strip until that country is open. to settlement. Captain Have will carry out are scarce and the water supply continues to the orders of General Merritt, and a great deal of suffering, if not actual bloodshed, is feared in consequence.

The Indians May Make Trouble. Another danger which threatens these unfortunate settlers is the probable rising of the Ponca Indians, on whose reservation most of them are located. It is understood here that the Poncas held a war dance night before last and resolved to dig up the hatchet in case their lands are encroached upon. The Ponca braves are not numerous, but very well armed. The settlers are not defenceless, as nearly every man in the outfit carries a rifle and revolver.

It is known that the Pones Chieftain. Standing Buffalo, has gone to Washington to protest against the occupancy of the Cherokee lands by white settlers. It is possible that the troops may be called upon to defend the settlers from the Indians or the Indians from the settlers before the trouble

it is evident that a reaction has set in. people were fleeing practically for their lives. They had added to long periods of privation the suffering of 17 hours without food or protection from the cold. They had left a howling mob in Guthrie, baffled in its efforts to join in the flight.

No Wonder They Left. The cars are piled with fugitives, thirsty

and famine-stricken, and Arkansas City is crowded as it was before the descent. Some experiences are pitiful. A terrible storm last night raised the miseries of Guthrie to almost a horror. A violent wind arose as the sun sank, and filled the air with the The Rival Candidases Remembered.

The main thoroughfare of the town will the night beat upon the thousands of shel-

ernoon by drawing a razor across his throat. inflicting a slight gash. Later he shot Randolph county, Illinois, Two men in the city to-day said that they had accompanied Kennedy from St. Louis to Guthrie, and that all three had failed to get claims It is supposed that the dead man's mind as deranged by his failure. The first natural death in Oklahoma occurred in Oklahoma City yesterday. Thomas O'Neill, a young unmarried man from Mar-shall, Mo., tiled of a congestive chill. Many cases of pneumonia are reported.

IT WILL BE CORRECTED

Secretary Noble Will Investigate the Conduct of Government Officials. WASHINGTON, April 25 .- Immediately upon the receipt here of press reports that Government officials and others temporarily in Government employ in Oklahoma had used their authority as such officials to secure prior rights in lands in the Territory, in disregard of the rights or others, the President and Secretary Noble telegraphed the special agents of the department now in the Territory to make a thorough and prompt investigation of the facts in the case. and upon its completion to immediately notify the Secretary of their findings. A

report is expected during the week. In speaking of the matter to-day Secre-tary Noble said that not the least shadow of an injustice to settlers would be tolerated for a moment, and that as soon as the facts in the case could be ascertained, if officials were found to have been implicated in any attempted injustice or wrong doing, the action of the Government in the matter would be very prompt and decisive.

REPORTS OF BLOODSHED.

Yet Been Confirmed.

LISBON, April 25 .- Late last night a ne gro came rushing into Marshal Wyott's camp. He said that four of his companions in a little colony ten miles southeast had out to effect arrests and has not yet returned. Two men are reported dead on their claims four miles east, shot last night. The mes-senger that came in wanted help to bury He could not give any particulars, and the report has not been confirmed.

Leaving by the Thousands. PURCELL, April 25 .- Thousands of disappointed home-seekers returning from Oklahoms are obtaining aid from Indians in the the Choctaw and Creek Nations. Saw.

WHAT IS HE DRIVING AT?

to-day:

A Western oil producer who, within a day or two, has sold about 15,000 scree of leased territory to the Standard Company says that half of all the Ohio and Indiana territory remains in the hands of people who have nothing to do with the Standard, and that the newspaper ing the settlers to organize and to provide for local government at once. This aftermoon the Committee on Public Order, consisting of 28 settlers, representing as many

A GHOUL FOR GOLD.

The Body of a Late Western Merchant Stolen From the Grave and Held for Ransom-The Thieves' Manner of Giving the Alarm.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) DENVER, April 25 .- Nearly a year ago James Greenway, one of Denver's prominent merchants, died after a brief illness, leaving considerable property to his wife. Since the death of her husband Mrs. Greenway has been accustomed to keep his grave in good condition and decorate it with flowers. To-day Mrs. Greenway visited Riverside Cemetery, and was devoting her usual care to the flowers, when she noticed a strange woman approaching.

Supposing the latter to be there on a mis sion similar to her own, Mrs. Greenway paid slight attention to the stranger, and would not have noticed her at all had the latter not approached her and remained closely eyeing her for full five minutes. This unusual action induced Mrs. Greenway to look up. As their eyes met the stranger remarked: "What do you plant flowers on that-grave for?"

Because it is the grave of my husband," was the subdued reply.
"Well, you need not plant any more there, or give the grave suy more attention, as the body of your husband is not there."
"What do you mean?" nervously asked Mrs. Greenway, growing apprehensive, and easting a look of anxious inquiry at the

strange woman.
"I mean just what I say," was the cool response. "The remains of your husband have been removed. If you consider them worth a ransom I could secure their return,

providing you keep quiet, and conditional upon no questions being asked." Thoroughly alarmed, Mrs. Greenway called for help, when the strange woman made way. An examination of the grave showed that the body had been stolen and is now being held for ransom.

A WITNESS REFUSES TO ANSWER. esation in the Plummerville Ballot Box Theft Inquiry.

LITTLE ROCK, April 25.-There was something of a sensation in the Federal court to-day when the grand jury marched into open court with C. C. Reid, the young attorney of Morrilton, and announced that they had asked him questions about the Plummerville ballot box theft which he re-fused to answer. The question was, "Did O. T. Bentley have any conversation with you in relation to or did he tell you any thing about the theft of the Plummerville ballot box.

In court Reid again refused to answer, and Judge Caldwell asked him if he and Bentley sustained the relation of client and attorney to each other. This Reid refused to answer. Judge Caldwell gave him until to-morrow morning to answer one of the two

O. T. Rentley is a deputy sheriff of Con-way county and, according to Warren Tay-lor's confession was one of the party of 22 who went from Morrillton to Plummerville wilh the crowd that stole the box.

The federal grand jury indicted Rufus J. Martin, David Highnight and Robert Anthony to-day charged with changing 31 ballots from John M. Clayton to C. R. Breckenridge in the ballot box of White

River township, Woodruff county. DID THEY RECOGNIZE THE POPE

An Important Politico-Religious Fight the Canadian Courts.

MONTREAL, April 25 .- The writ in ease of the Jesu'ts against the Mail, of Toronto, was returned in court to-day, and terless.

At Winfield, Kan., an unknown man, apMr. Laflamme, who was Minister of Justice under the Mackenzie regime, has been retained by the defense. The first proceeding on the part of the defense will be the taking of an exception to the form of the complaint. It will be held that the statute under which the Jesuits were incorporated is illegal and ultra vires, inasmuch as it is beyond the power of the Quebec Legislature under the British North America act to enact such legislation, and furthermore, that by said incorporation the local Legis-lature has recognized the authority of the Pope, a foreign potentate, to interfere in legislation of the province and in counter-authority to that of Her Majesty the Queen. It is thought probable that under the law and before the French court, the exception may be thrown out, in which case an appeal will immediately be instituted and taken to the privy council for final action.

A NEW AND THRIVING BUSINESS.

The Defeated Candidate for Congress in Missouri District in an Ugly Scrape.

PERSONAL TRUEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR ! ST. LOUIS. April 25 .- A. C. Eubanks, the defeated Republican candidate for Congress in the Third Missouri district, is in a very ugly scrape. When Harrison was elected he set himself up as a dispenser of patronage in his district, and proceeded to charge a fee for signing petitions for office. He did a thriving business for several months, then the disappointed office seekers began to kick and say naughty things about a fellow Republican who would charge for the influence of his name. Eubanks defended himself on the ground that his campaign ex-

penses were heavy.

The Republican Congressional Committee took notice of the scandal to-day, and called a meeting for an investigation on May 7. Eubanks was invited to be present.

RAN AWAY WITH HER WIDOWER.

A New Jersey Girl Determined to Wed the Man of Her Choice.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 NEW YORK, April 25 .- Handsome Miss Lily Wild, of Redbank, a daughter of G. Wild, of that place, and granddaughter of H. M. Wild, the candy maker of this city, eloped on Wednesday with J. Dey Conover, a traveling salesman for a Michigan corset factory, who lives in the adjacent village of Middletown. The latter is a widower with one child.

The girl's father objected and may make trouble, but her brothers and mother favored the match.

AN UNFORTUNATE FRENCHMAN.

He is Extradited From Canada and Expects to be Shot When He Gets Home. MONTREAL, April 25 .- The Minister of Justice has signed papers for the extradition of Victor Emil Miches, a French deserter, charged with having obtained 30,000 france on a Government bond belonging to a family at Valence, France. Instructions have been given to send the offender back to France within a very few days.

Michea is very much afraid that he will

THE POOLS NOT ALL DEAD YET. Another One Wants to Cross the Ocean In

Small Dory. [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] Boston, April 25 .- Another man who vants to win fame and fortune by crossing the Atlantic in a small dory is C. T. Rogers, of Manufield.

Mr. Rogers would like to race across with Captain Andrews, or start on the With of June for a solitary passage,

THE EXILE IN LONDON

PITTSBURG, FRIDAY, APRIL 26, 1889.

Boulanger's French Friends Fill His Apartment With Flowers.

ENGLAND NEED NOT BE AFRAID.

The General Will Do Nothing to Embarrass the Government.

LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL'S VISIT.

The Young Tory Makes an Open Call Upon the Distinguished Parisian.

General Boulanger has completely recovered from his seasickness. He anticipates no trouble from the English Government." He has received a number of callers and any quantity of flowers. The most prominent visitor was Lord Randolph Churchill. The radical element has been bitter in attacking the General, but with little effect.

(BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.) LONDON, April 25 .- [Copyright.]-I had another opportunity this morning of judging of Boulanger's marvelous recuperative powers. When last seen yesterday evening he was pale and haggard, and looked 10 years more than his age. This morning he awoke fresh as a lark, and after his usual coffee, had a prolonged business talk with Naquet, Dillon, Turquet and Laisant.

Then he attacked a huge mass of correspondence and had got through with it by 11 o'clock, when your correspondent was ushered into his presence. The room was full of flowers, and there were a half dozen large bouquets tied in the French tri-color. The bouquets were all sent, the General said, by friends in France.

THE GENERAL FULL OF VIM. Boulanger, carefully dressed in a morning suit, with a carnation in his button hole, looked quite young and spruce, and

but he would not mention names, as it cases and processes for contempt will remight cause unpleasantness, as it did to a main in statu quo, to be fought in the certain Senator who once called upon him courts by all concerned for all they are It was absurd to talk about his presenembarrassing the British Government, for England was not a little neutral state like Belgium. He had done his best to avoid giving trouble in Belgium, and would con-

tinue that policy here. He was much touched by his hearty reception yesterday, because he knew the cheers were mainly English, but he did not court such demonstrates. Boulanger had been looking through the editorials in the London newspapers, and said he was satisfied with them. He has certainly had few callers as yet, and the invitations so far received are not from the best people. In diplomatic circles he will be assuredly boycotted, and the radical newspapers are urging all decent people to have nothing to do with a man who in the famous controversy with the Duc D'Aumale proved himself a liar and an ingrate,

HIS POSITION IN SOCIETY. But the denunciations of radical moralists are not likely to have much effect upon are not lakely to have much effect upon Boulanger's position in London society. People remember that other famous French exile, Napoleon III. who did not worship truth with slavish devotion. Two persons, both important in their way, called in the course of the atternoon.

One, of whose visit the Boulangists will make much was Lord Randolph Chambill

was Lord Rand His Lordship drove up in a private cab and without any pretense of secrecy sent up his card, and was of course instantly received. He remained a half hour and chatted gaily with the General, but their talk was not

The other caller was Admiral Lord Alcester, but his visit will not help Boulanger, because he is cordially detested by most Frenchmen as the man who com-manded the British fleet at the bombardment of Alexandria, thereby reducing to ruins not only the town, but French prestige in Egypt as well. The same little party dined together at the Bristol Hotel last night, and toward the end of the repast there was much hilarity.

BOULANGER A ROODLER.

He Took Money for Services to be Rendered When He Became President. PARIS, April 25 .- The Dix Neuvemin Siecle says that the Senate commission con-

ducting the Boulanger trial has in its possession receipts signed by Boulanger for money given to him in consideration of cer-tain services to be rendered by him in the event of his becoming President. A state official to-day testified that he had seen similar documents.

It is reported that the French Govern-

ment will arrest any one found leaving the country with letters for General Boulanger on the ground that it is a breach of the postal monopoly.

AN OFFICIAL PROTEST.

The Empress of Austria is Not Crazy, but Has the Neuralgia.

VIENNA, April 25 .- The Abend Post officially protests against the slanderous reports of the foreign press in regard to the health of Empress Elizabeth. It asserts that she has not suffered seriously, although deeply afflicted at the untimely death of the late Crown Prince Rudolf. She had a severe attack of neuralgia, but the trouble is

ITALY DENOUNCED.

The Spanish Government Embarrassed by

the Catholic Congress. MADRID, April 25 .- At the session of the Catholic Congress here to-day Prof. Sanchez Castro denounced Italy's treatment of the Papacy. His speech has caused the Spanish Government considerable uneasiness. Beore the opening of the congress the prelates promised the Government here that nothing would be said or done that might irritate King Humbert.

UNIONISTS ARE SQUIRMING. They Think Something Should be Done for

Ireland's People. LONDON, April 25 .- A Unionist confer ence was held at Birmingham to-day. Resolutions were adopted affirming that the land question was the root of Irish discontent, and urging the Government to intro-duce into the House of Commons without delay a measure to enable tenants to become owners of the land.

Ambassador at Berlin; Mr. Scott, the British Minister at Berne, and Mr. Crowe have been appointed delegates to the Samoan

England Congratulates Harrison LONDON, April 25.—The municipal au-thorities of New Castle-under-Lyme have A STATE LINE FIGHT.

Tirginia and Tennessee Officials Having Aux Amount of Trouble-The Mayor and Three Aldermen of One Town Arrested-Au Understand-

ing Renched.

BRISTOL, TENN., April 25.—An agree-ment has been effected that will prevent any collision between Tennessee and Virginia officers on account of the undeter-mined location of the State line. On Tuesday the Virginia officers began summoning a posse, every man being under a forfeit of \$20, to appear at the Goodson Town Hall at 7 o'clock Wednesday morning. It was understood that they were going to finish the laying of the water pipe on main street by force of arms. Sheriff Cartwright insisted that if it were necessary he would die holding the first man who stuck a pick in that ditch, but as he was not crying for a

brewing, so that they could be on hand Wednesday morning.

In the afternoon citizens held a meeting, fully discussed the situation, and appointed a committee to advise with counsel, and if possible make concessions in the interest of peace. Subsequent to the meeting of this committee, Colonel W. D. Payne, who is counsel for the State of Tennessee, agreed that in order to remove obstructions and prevent serious trouble, the pipe might be fitted up between Front and James streets, it being understood that Sheriff Cartwright should arrest every one for whom he had a process. It was further understood the Goodson, councilmen and a representative of the Glamorgan county, were to make it convenient to be arrested if the attachments for contempt issued by Judge tachments for contempt issued by Judge John P. Smith for laborers for whom the sheriff has writs, should be arrested in the ditches or elsewhere on Main street.

Yesterday morning countrymen, armed with shotguns and pistols, gathered in every direction, and when one of the leading lawdirection, and when one of the leading lawyers for Virginia advised that men be put
to work and Sheriff Cartwright be shot
down if he touched one of them, it looked as
if bloodshed were unavoidable, but
the Aldermanic Board repudiated
his advice, and two of them
came over and were arrested.
The Mayor and three Aldermen have been hole, looked quite young and spruce, and full of vim. He had received, he said, several visitors and many kindly letters, of the main street piping, the injunction

THEY NEED OUR MONEY.

Pittsburg Capital Being Invested in Inclined Planes at Kansas City-Judge Melfon to be Banquetted by the Citizens.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.1 KANSAS CITY, April 25 .- Judge Thomas Mellon, of Pittsburg, in company with his grandson, W. T. Mellon, and Engineer amuel Deischer, arrived in the city to-day. The object of the visit is to inspect the work on a great system of inclined planes, of which Judge Mellon is the financial backer. The company was incorporated to-day with an initial capital stock of \$100,000. Plans are completed for the first plane, which will be located on the Bluff, or overlooking the Union depot, and will be 100 feet long, with a grade of 45 feet to 100. Cars will accommodate four loaded teams with a capacity of 20 tons, and will make the ascent in 11/2 minutes. Judge Mellon visited the depot this afternoon and expressed himself greatly pleased with the outlook, and with great rush of business in the vicinity. He esti-mates that the incline will carry 2,000 teams a day and save a journey of several miles

Mr. Diescher will be the superintending engineer of the work, which is considered one of the most important undertakings in the city for years. Kansas City men first conceived the project, but it was found neces-sary to resort to Pittsburg capital to make it an assured fact. Excavation will be commenced May 1 and the work will be com-pleted in six months. Additional planes

will be built as there is demand for them.

The same plans in use in Pittsburg will be carried out.

Judge Mellon will remain several days in the city and will be banquetted by the lead-ing business men, who have greeted him with the highest honor.

CHOOSE YOUR PARTNERS. Sixteen Ladies Chosen for the Centennial

Quadrille of Honor. NEW YORK, April 25 .- The 16 ladies who will dance in the quadrille of honor at the centennial ball have at last been determined upou, and are as follows: Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, Mrs. Levi P. Morton, Mrs. Grover Cleveland, Mrs. Gracie King, Mrs. Alexander Van Rensselaer, Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting, Mrs. William Astor, Miss Cora Livingston Newbold Morris, Mrs. Delbridge T. (Winthrop, Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. William Jay, Mrs. S. V. B. Cruger and Mrs. Alexander S. Webb.

THE POLICE DID NOT PROTECT HIM.

A Contractor Shoots a Colored Man for Carrying Notes to His Daughter. St. Joseph, Mo., April 25.-Charles Mowland, one of the most prominent contractors of this city, shot Louis Jackson,

colored, four times to-day, in the office of the Chief of Police.

Jackson was under police protection on a charge made by Mowland that Jackson carried notes to his daughtor from an object able suitor. Jackson refused to tell who gave him the note, and Mowland shot.

READY WITH A VERDICT.

The Armes Court Martial Not Long In Coming to a Conclusion. WASHINGTON, April 25 .- The Arme court martial at its meeting to-day read over the record of yesterday's proceedings

and went into secret session.

The result was an agreemant upon a verdict, and the court adjourned to await the action of the Secretary of War and the President upon their findings.

BLAINE IS MUCH BETTER. But He Fears the Inclement Weather and Remains Indoors.

WASHINGTON, April 25. - Secretary Blaine, who was indisposed yesterday, was feeling much better this morning, but owing to the inclement weather he did not deem it prudent to go to the State Department this morning.

For this reason the presentation of the new British Minister to the President has

Beside replacing the Kanaut system, as the primitive method of tunneling for water is called in the native language, wells will be sunk in the modern fashion in the many parts of Persia where petroleum abounds. Firing Upon the Police.
CHESTERTOWN, MD., April 25.—The trial of Captain Cain, of the cyster boat Robert N. McAllister, for firing on Captain Charles Kerr, commander of the State

PRIMITIVE PERSIANS

About to be Enlightened in the Ways of the Civilized World by a

178 012 PORTER !

PARTY OF AMERICAN CAPITALISTS.

Railroads, Electric Lights and Other Modern Improvements

PREPARING FOR PERSIA'S ENJOYMENT. romedaries, Tallow Dips and Water Ditches Soon to

be Forgotten.

An American concern called the Persian Company is about to receive a report from its messenger, Mr. Francis H. Clergue, who fuss all by himself he sent runners to his country to tell the boys of the fun that was brewing, so that they could be on hand returned yesterday from a tour of investigation through Persia. The company proposes to modernize the land of the Shah, building railroads, sinking wells and putting in electric light plants there. Mr. Clergue's account of the present primitive

manners of the Persians is interesting.

PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 NEW YORK, April 25 .- When the Inman Line steamer City of New York arrived at her pier at 8 o'clock this morning, the first passenger to leave her deck was a lightcomplexioned, business-like man, with a bright eye and confident air that became a man who has been hobnobbing with Shahs and Czars for some months past. He was Mr. Francis H. Clergue, a Maine man, from that liveliest of Maine cities, Bangor.

Mr. Clergue in appearance is over 35 years old. He has for some years represented the interests of the Persian Company, an American concern, organized by Eastern capitalists. This company proposes to revolutionize the state of affairs in Persia by substituting modern railroads for camels, romedaries and horses, electric light for tallow candles, artesian wells for primitive ditches, and a national bank for the present financial system, the basis of which is the towan, a coin worth about \$1 50, which is made up of 10 krans, worth nominally a quarter, and actually only 15 cents.

A GREAT BAR TO PROGRESS. It seems that one great bar to progress in Persia is her geographical position, with Russia's jealous eye upon her from the north, and England's ever-watchful against Russian encroachments fixed on her from the south. It is due to this unfortunate position of Persia, between Russia and India, that neither English nor Russian capital has found an advantageous field for invest-

ment there.
When the present Shah, Nasir-El-Din, perhaps the most advanced and enlightened rule r that Persia has had, threw open the waters of the Karum, the only navigable river in Persia, to the commerce of the world, Russia immediately took umbrage at the action, and demanded important concessions in the way of territory on the north. Persia yearned for the modern improve-ments of which she had heard so much, and realizing that she could not grant privileges to either England or Russia without getting herself in serious trouble, she naturally turned to America."

THE MONEY THAT'S IN IT. Three or four years ago Prince Maleon Khan, the Persian Minister at London, opened communication with certain Ameri-can capitalists who were soon interested in the scheme of modernizing Persia, with an incidental prospect of big dividends in view. A syndicate was soon formed and Mr. Clergue was sent to London to confer with the Persian Prince. Since then investigations and negotiations have been

steadily in progress, and last November Mr. Clergue left this country to look over the opportunities for investment in Persia and to effect some definite understanding with the Shaw in his palace at Teheran, the Cap-One of the first things that Mr. Clergue ascertained in his travels through Persia was the fact that one of the scarcest commodities of the country was plain, every-

the base of mountain slopes that are very long and gradual in their descent. On these plains the sun beats so fiercely that every drop of water is dried up or sinks at once through the porous soil to the rock beds below. Wherever sun and water meet vegetation is instantaneous.

HOW WATER IS PROCURED.

The Persian capitalist procures water in this fashion. He digs a hole say 20 feet deep, and then begins to scoop out a tunnel, bringing out the dirt in baskets and dump-ing it at the mouth of the hole. After proand at the mouth of the hole. After pro-ceeding say 50 feet, the work becomes slow and expensive. Then the Persian hops up on the surface again, guesses where his tun-nel ends, sinks another Hele there, and con-tinues to bore on in the same laborious fash-ion. Gradual though the slope from the mountain is, as the goal is neared the dig-ger finds he must descend perhaps 100 feet to reach the level of his tunnel. Finally, when success has been achieved and water when success has been achieved and water trickles down his expensive tunnel, he finds a ready market for it among his fellow citizens, who pay him so much a week for any amount daily, from a dipperful to the right to allow the stream to run through a gard

for an hour or two.

The Persian company proposes to remedy all this, and has obtained a charter from the Shah which allows them to sink artesian wells through the rock bed, which will make the cost of obtaining water about one-tenth as much as by the present method. For this privilege the company is to pay the Shah 6 per cent of the net profits.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS FOR PERSIA. Another innovation projected by the new company is the furnishing of electric lights company is the furnishing of electric lights to this benighted country. Now when the Persian young man returns from his club at night, or the honest workingman wants to find his dromedary atter dark, a man must go before with a candle to light the way and another must follow with a stick to keep the dogs out of the road. Electric light privileges have already been obtained from the Shah.

The railroad for which a charter has

The railroad, for which a charter has already been granted, will be about 600 miles in length, uniting Schusta on the south with Resht on the Caspian ses. Along itsline will be the cities of Kasvin, Teheran and Iapahan, the former capital of Persia. In establishing a national bank the American syndicate will combine with Reuter,

ican syndicate will combine with Reuter, the German banker.

The great advantage of the contemplated railroad line to Persia is apparent, when it is stated that it will open direct communication between Teheran and the great Trans-Siberian Railway, about to be built by Russian capital. To-day all travel in Persia must be done on the back of some animal, except on the road from Kasvin to Teheran, about 100 miles in length, which is the only road in the country where

The changes promised by the Persian Company are eagerly looked forward to by the Persians, who are said to think that the improvements will be the redemption of their country. Meantime, the English minister, Sir Drummond Wolfe, and the

Russian representative at Teheran, Prince Dolgorouki, watch the inroad of American capital with equanimity as long as the benefits expected to accrue are not to the advantage of either Russia or England.

Before returning home Mr. Clergue visited St. Petersburg, where he is said to have had an interview with the Czdr and that fact has given rise to the rumor that Russia had objected to the schemes of the American sondicate. Mr. Clergue, while refusing to say anything about this interview, says positively that the Czar has offered no objection to the plans of the Persian Company, but rather looks upon them with favor.

NOT TO BE THOUGHT OF.

When a suggestion was made that Russia might contemplate gobbling up Persia, and perhaps wanted to have the country like a thanksgiving tarkey, in the best possible shape, Mr. Clergus only smiled, and said such an idea was not to be thought of. Mr. Clergus declined to give out the details of the plans of the Persian Company, or to mention the names of the men who have put their money in it, at present. He says the whole scheme, in all its particulars, will be made public in a short time. The company has been chartered by the Maine Legislature, but the names of the clerks in the company's office appear instead of those of its real incorporators.

Mr. Clergue returns to Europe next When a suggestion was made that Rus Mr. Clergue returns to Europe next month, after making his report to the syndicate, and will proceed to Persia by the way of St. Petersburg, where he will meet the Shah of Persia during his visit to the

Czar. Mr. Clergue leaves for Washington DUDLEY DENIES IT.

He Says Someone Forged a Letter on Him His Real Letter Given Out-Nearly as Bitter us the Alleged

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The following alleged letter from Colonel W. W. Dudley to Samuel Van Pelt, an old army comrade, living in Anderson, Ind., was published here to-day as a special dispatch from An-

Forgery.

MY DEAR SAM-Yours received. I need no tell you that it would be very gratifying to me to see you get the Indian agency, knowing as I do your special fitness for the place and your service to the country in the hour of her screet need, but I am sorry to say that I will be unable to render you any assistance whatever with the President. He has lost his backbone and is too cowardly to be seen consulting with me, for the simple reason that the copperheads and rebels of Indiana have trumped up a lot of charges against me. He seems entirely obliv-ious to the fact that it was through my efforts that Indiana was saved to him. When the above was shown to Colonel

Dudley he pronounced it a "clear, cold forgery;" said he had telegraphed to Van Pelt as soon as he saw it in the paper to-day, demanding that Van Pelt give out for publi-cation the letter which he actually wrote, and added:

and added:

I wrote only one, and I have preserved a copy. Here it is. While I don't care to have my private letters published to the world, yet there is nothing in this letter which I am ashamed of, and while it was hastily written, in confidence to an old friend, I would have no objection to the President seeing it. I have asked nothing from General Harrison, and therefore have nothing to complain of. I wish the administration every success, and would not, if I could, embarrass it in any way. I am out of politics and would not accept any public office. I, have recently associated with me Mr. Charles D. Ingersoll, of New York, and Jerome Carty, of Philadelphia, and have decided to devote my entire attention to the practice of law. I neither seek nor would accept any public office.

Following is the letter:

Following is the letter: WASHINGTON, D. C., April 15, 1889.

D. S. Van Pelt, Esq., Anderson, Ind. 1 D.S. Van Peil, Esq., Anderson, Ind.:

DEAR OLD SAN—Your good letter of the 28th of March I got in good time, but it found me absent. I have recently returned from a trip to the South, where I went on legal business and had a good time and a little rest from the crowds of people who throng my office from morning until night, and from the mountain of letters which pile upon my desk every day. Your letter got into the pile, where I rescued it to-night, and I hasten to say how much good it has done me to hear from you again. There is nothing I should like better than to do some-

It has done me to hear from you again. There is nothing I should like better than to do something for you, Sam, but I am afraid you greatly overestimated my influence. Your old friend Reed has placed his pension in my hands, and I am working away at it to get it soon.

Perhaps there is no one in the country who has done so much for General Harrison during the last 20 years, as I have; but because our Democratic friends down in Indianapolis have started the hue and cfy on me, Brother Ben does not seem to feel that he can afford to recognize me as an acquaintance, and consedoes not seem to feel that he can afford to recognize me as an acquaintance, and consequently I don't take dinner at the White House, as might be expected. I have not been inside the White House since Cleveland's inauguration, a little over four years ago, but I will see if something can not be done a little later on, and tell you what to do. If you should not hear from me again, Sam, for the next two months, don't be alarmed, for there will be just as good chances two months hence—and a little better—as there are now.

Give my kind regards to all the boys at Anderson, and remember me always as your

derson, and remember me always as your friend.

W. W. DUDLEY,

FISH IN THE POTOMAC.

The Oldest Inhabitant Never Knew Ther to be so Plenty. PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, April 25,-Never since the institution of the Fish Commission, and possibly never in the history of the Potomac river, has there been such a run of fish of all kinds, native to the stream, as this spring. Fine shad are taken in great numbers every day and just now the nets are raised freighted to breaking with herring. In the upper Potomae, bass fishing is ex-cellent, and this gamey fish is affording

great sport for the anglers,

At the stations of the Fish Commission at Fort Washington and Havre de Grace, millions of shad are secured every day, and hatched for the stocking of the rivers tributary to the seaboard. Uncounted millions of the little fish will be distributed this

year. In other directions the commiss almost equally busy. NOT IN A FORGIVING MOOD. The Board of Pardons Makes but On

Favorable Recommendation. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. HARRISBURG, April 25 .- The Board of Pardons was not in a forgiving mood to-day. Samuel P. Willingan, connected with the Shackamaxon bank embezzlement, was the only man recommended for pardon. Rob-ert M. Geary, sentenced to 20 years in the Western Penitentiary for a series of highway robberies in Allegheny county, was refused pardon recommendation. Charles Ehie, of Allegheny county, up

Charles Enle, of Allegheny county, up for selling liquor without license, and John Wilson, Allegheny county, felonious assaul, also had their applications unfavorably considered. Action in the case of Slattery and Coyle and Abraham M. Bowser were deferred.

CLARKSON NOT FEELING WELL.

Decided Decrease in the Appointment Fourth-Class Postmasters. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, April 25 .- Only fourth-class postmasters were appointed to-day, and none of these were in Pennsylva-

nia and but two in West Virginia, which latter are: Elisha McIntire, Elks Garden; M. T. Bartlett, Simpson.

The following were appointed in Eastern Ohio: C. R. Stewart, Brookfield; Frank Strain, Burgh Hill; J. E. Hitchcock, Delightful; Philo Gates, Gustavius; Lena A. Clark, Hartford; Carrie J. Law, Johnson-ville; Arthur Stubby, Tyrrell Hill.

An Ex-Congressman's Sudden Death. WASHINGTON, April 25.—Ex-Congress-man B. J. Ellis, of Leuisians, died suddenly THREE CENTS

A GIRL BURIEF ALIVE

Pretty Emma Rath Doole the Most Fearful of Al

HER GRAVE DUG BY HER FALL

Who Some Time Afterward Opens

Makes a Horrible Discovery.

DEATH CAME TO HER IN HER COFFIN, And Her Poer Leginer Pather is in Consequence Almost a Maniac.

A peculiarly horrifying case of the burial of a person not yet dead is reported at Syracuse. A pretty 17-year-old German girl was supposed to be dead and her own father, the sexton of the cemetery, dug the grave, which a few weeks later he opened and was driven nearly insane by the awful discovery that his beloved daughter had died a terrible death, in great agony, after

her interment. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. SYRACUSE, N. Y., April 25.-Edward Rath, a German laborer, lives alone in a half-tumbled-down shanty near the Erie canal. Up to March 22 he had as his only companion his 17-year-old daughter Emma, a pretty and intelligent girl. About the middle of March Emma caught a cold which, after several days, settled on her lungs. Her two sisters came home to assist the neighbors to care for the dying girl, On

Friday, March 22, at about 4 o'clock in the morning, she ceased to breathe.

The body was left for about four hours, when Mrs. Francis Seahler and another neighbor dressed it for burial. They were urprised to find that the body was warm. Later in the day an undertaker took charge of the remains. The funeral took place the next Sunday afternoon, and the body was buried in the Giddes Cemetery.

HER FATHER DUG HER GRAVE. Mr. Rath, who is employed as a laborer by Alonzo E. Vrooman, a mason, and who also is sexton of the Giddes cemetery, dug the grave himself. After the funeral the old man's children went to their various nomes and he remained alone in the shanty, The loss of his daughter bore heavily upon the old man's mind, and he spent

much of his leisure time with his neighbors, where the fact of the girl's body being warm several hours after her breathing seemed to several nours after her breathing seemed to have ceased, was talked over. The possi-bility of the girl being buried alive preyed upon his mind so that without speaking of his intention, he uncovered the grave last week. The rough box containing his daugh-ter's coffin was opened and the lid taken from the coffin A HORRIBLE DISCOVERY.

No sooner was the glass uncovered than the grief-stricken father was horrified to see the body of the young girl turned over on one side. He says that her hands were clasped over her face and her brown hair was tangled up over her eyes as though it had been torn in dreadful agony. Mr. Rath says that there were finger marks on her face. He says that he was nearly parher face. He says that he was nearly par-alyzed with terror, and hastily replaced the cover, showeled the dirt back into the grave, and ran from the place. The experience has made him nearly instanc.

The doctor who attended the girl says

that he last saw her the evening before death was supposed to have occurred. He then left morphine for her to take, and did not who had charge of the funeral says he is positive that the young girl was dead, but the woman who robed her for the grave admits that the body was warm when she performed that service,

MISSIONARY MARRIAGES. The Ladies of the Presbyterian Church

Discuss the Question at Length-A Noticeable Difference of Opinion Manifested-One Who Was Not Tempted. PHILADELPHIA, April 25.-The nine-

eenth annual assembly of the Woman's

Foreign Missionary Society of the Presby-

erian Church resumed its session this morn-

ng, and after the opening devotional exercises a paper was read by Mrs. S. C. Percises a paper was read by Mrs. S. C. Perkins, of this city, on "Marriage and Mission Work." She said:

Arguments can be brought forward on both sides as to whether it would be better for the missionaries to go out married or unmarried. Not all the wives of missionaries are true misionaries wives. A single woman is frequently sent out to do a specific work and she must remember the solemn obligations under which she goes to her field. She owes herself for at east a term of years to that work. After that is done she is free to do as she will with herself and her life. As the conclusion of the reading of the paper, the opinion of the missionaries present was called for.

Mrs. Shedd, of Persia, who married be-

Mrs. Shedd, of Persia, who married before going into the work, "Quite agreed with Mrs. Perkins, and thought you ought to be more careful in selecting your candi-dates. Send those with cultured minds, who can stay alone for a few days. I do not believe in sending very young girls. A girl ought to have some experience and know whether she can live alone or not."

Mrs. Tracy, of Indiana, said that she be-

came engaged shortly after reaching her mission field, but that she waited until sne had completed her specified term before marrying.
Miss Mary Fullerton, also of Indiana, said that she hadn't anything to say on the subject, and created an audible smile by adding that "she had not had any tempta-tion." Mrs. Reading, missionary to Africa, tion." Mrs. Reading, missionary to Africa, thought that the missionaries should be old enough to judge for themselves. Miss Davis, one of the missionaries to Japan, who has done good work in that field, and Mrs. Reading, missionary to

remained single so far, said she thought that Mrs. Perkins was just right. that Mrs. Perkins was just right.

Mrs. Dr. Blaikie, of Edinburgh, said that they could not blame the young lady missionaries for being lonely and accepting an offer of marriage. Here any of the ladies, distressed and tired after a tour among the lowly, felt refreshed and brightened on returning to her home and husband and children. They should put themselves in the position of the single lady missionaries. position of the single lady missionaries. Her daughter had gone out as the wife of a

SIOUX INDIANS FOR PARIS.

Eighty-Pive Braves and Their Outfits Ready to Sail This Afternoon. INPECTAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR !

NEW YORK, April 25 .- Eighty-five Sionz Indians arrived here last night, over the Pennsylvania road, from the Pine Bidge Indian Agency of the Ogalialla Sioux, in Dakota, on their way to the Paris Exposition with Buffalo Bill's "Wild West" show. They were all under the care of Major John Burke, Buffalo Bill's righthand man, and interpreters Bronco Bill, John Nelson and Buckskin Jack Russell. They went directly to the steamship Persian Monarch, at the foot of West Twenty-fourth street, which will sail to-morrrow

for Havre.
One of the main features of the Wild West at the Exposition will be the French-Canadian and Hudson Bay exhibits.

A Man Who Denies Some Statements That be shot on his return to French territory, as is the only road in the country where wheels can be used. Were Never Made. he deserted from the army. Delegates to the Samoun Conference. A PIRATE SENTENCED. NEW YORK, April 25 .- The following LONDON, April 25 .- It is officially anwas posted on the Consolidated Exchange He Gets Four Years in the Penitentiary for WELLS TO BE SUNK counced that Sir Edward Malet, the British

> Police Boat Helen M. Baughman, while in the discharge of his official duties and for the discharge of his official duties and for the discharge of his official duties and for firing on the Helen M. Baughman, was convoted a special address of congratulations to President Harrison, whose ancestors were natives of that place.